HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array owner's guide

second edition (September 2004)

part number: AE002-96007

This guide describes features, components, options, and general operations for the HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array.



© Copyright 2004 Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P. All rights reserved.

Hewlett-Packard Company makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this material, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Hewlett-Packard shall not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

This document contains proprietary information, which is protected by copyright. No part of this document may be photocopied, reproduced, or translated into another language without the prior written consent of Hewlett-Packard. The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

HP-UX is a registered trademark of Hewlett-Packard Company.

All other product names mentioned herein may be trademarks of their respective companies.

Hewlett-Packard Company shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein. The information is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind and is subject to change without notice. The warranties for Hewlett-Packard Company products are set forth in the express limited warranty statements accompanying such products. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty.

Printed in the U.S.A.

HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array Owner's Guide

second edition (September 2004) part number: AE002-96007

Contents

Document conventions and symbols	8
Getting help 8	
HP technical support 8	
HP storage web site 9	
HP authorized reseller 9	
Revision history 9	
Overview 11	
Continuous data availability 12	
Nondisruptive service and upgrades 13	
Connectivity 14	
Fibre Channel 14	
ESCON 14	
FICON 14	
Scalability 15	
Data integrity and high availability 16	
Summary of features 17	
Web-based array management 17	
Operating systems 17	
External storage 18	
Included components 18	
Required additional components 19	
Optional components 19	
Hardware specifications 20	

About this guide 7
Related information

1

Contents 3

Physical components 22

Disk control frame 23

Control panel 23

Unit emergency power off switch 30

Service processor (SVP) 30

Disk drives 31

HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP 31

Disk array frames 32

Disk drives 32

RAID options 32

Backup batteries 33

Management server 35

Specifications 37

Temperature 37

Humidity 38

Mechanical vibration 38

AC line voltage requirements 38

3 XP12000 Operations 43

General safety guidelines 44

Powering down the disk array 46

Emergency power-off 46

Planned power-off 48

Recovering from an unplanned power outage 49

Manual restart of the disk array after power is restored 49

Automatic restart when power is restored 50

4 HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array Family of Software Products 53

Storage area management software 54

HP OpenView Storage Area Manager suite 54

Device and configuration management software 55

HP StorageWorks Command View XP 55

HP StorageWorks LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP 55

HP StorageWorks LUN Security XP Extension 56

HP StorageWorks External Storage XP 57

Performance management software 58

HP StorageWorks Cache LUN XP 58

HP StorageWorks Auto LUN XP 58

HP StorageWorks Performance Advisor 58

HP StorageWorks Performance Control XP 59 Replication software 60 HP StorageWorks Business Copy 60 HP StorageWorks Continuous Access 60 HP StorageWorks Continuous Access Extension 60 HP StorageWorks Flex Copy XP 60 Multipathing/high availability software 61 HP StorageWorks Secure Path 61 HP StorageWorks Data Integrity Check for XP Mainframe software 63 HP StorageWorks Resource Manager XP 63 HP StorageWorks Data Exchange XP 63 Business continuity solutions 64 HP OpenView Data Protector 64 HP StorageWorks Cluster Extension XP 64 HP StorageWorks Fast Recovery Solution for Windows 2000 or 2003 65 HP StorageWorks Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup XP

5 Troubleshooting 67

Service information messages 68 Failure detection and reporting process 69

6 Regulatory Statements 71

FCC EMC statement (USA) 72
IEC statement (worldwide) 73
EMC statement (Canada) 74
Spécification ATI Classe A (France) 73
VCCI EMC statement (Japan) 76
BSMI EMC statement (Taiwan) 77
RRL EMC statement (Korea) 78
Harmonics conformance (Japan) 79
German noise declaration 80
Laser safety 81

Glossary 83

Index 95

Contents 5

About this guide

This guide is intended for use by system administrators who have expertise in:

- Mass storage systems and software
- Data processing concepts
- Direct-access storage device subsystems and their basic functions
- Disk arrays and RAID technology
- Operating system commands and utilities

Unless otherwise noted, the term *disk array* refers to the HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array (XP12000).

Related information

For related product documentation, see the HP web site at www.hp.com:

- HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array Site Preparation Guide
- HP StorageWorks RAID Manager XP User's Guide
- HP StorageWorks Cluster Extension XP Installation Guide
- HP StorageWorks Cluster Extension XP User Guide
- HP StorageWorks Disk Array XP Operating System Configuration Guide (various operating systems)

For information about operating system commands and third-party products, refer to the manufacturer's documentation.

About this guide 7

Document conventions and symbols

Table 1. Document conventions

Convention	Element			
Blue text (Figure 1)	Cross-reference links			
Bold	Menu items, button names, key names, tab names, and group box names			
Italics	Text emphasis and document titles			
Blue underlined sans serif font (www.hp.com)	Web site addresses			

Caution

Failure to follow directions could result in hardware or software damage.



Warning

Failure to follow directions could result in personal injury or death.

Getting help

If you have additional questions, contact your HP support representative or visit the HP web site: www.hp.com

HP technical support

In North America, call technical support at 1-800-652-6672, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Outside North America, call technical support at the location nearest you. The HP web site lists telephone numbers for worldwide technical support at: http://www.hp.com/support. From this web site, select the country of origin.

Have the following information available before calling:

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product serial numbers
- Product model names and numbers
- Applicable error messages
- Operating system type and revision level
- Detailed, specific questions

For continuous quality improvement, calls may be recorded or monitored.

HP storage web site

For the most current information about HP StorageWorks XP products, visit: http://h18006.wwwl.hp.com/storage/arraysystems.html.

For information about product availability, configuration, and connectivity, contact your HP support representative.

HP authorized reseller

To obtain the name of your nearest HP authorized reseller:

United States 1-800-345-1518

Canada 1-800-263-5868

elsewhere See the HP web site for locations and telephone

numbers: www.hp.com

Revision history

September 2004 First release.

About this guide 9

Overview

The XP12000 disk array is part of the HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array family of products. These disk arrays provide reliable and secure data storage and protection, featuring redundant circuitry and RAID storage options for data security. These disk arrays also support multiple operating systems, platforms, and RAID groups. Advantages include:

- Continuous data availability, page 12
- Nondisruptive service and upgrades, page 13
- Connectivity, page 14
- Scalability, page 15
- Data integrity and high availability, page 16

Overview 11

Continuous data availability

The HP StorageWorks Disk Array XP family includes the first RAID disk arrays to provide truly continuous data availability. XP disk arrays are designed for nonstop operation and continuous access to all user data.

The following XP12000 features ensure continuous data availability:

- No single point of component failure, which enables uninterrupted access to data
- Component and function redundancy, providing full fault tolerance for disk array microprocessors, control storage, cache, control and data buses, power supplies, and cooling fans
- Can sustain multiple component failures and still continue to provide full access to stored data

Note Although access to data is never compromised, the failure of a key component can cause a temporary reduction in disk array performance.

Nondisruptive service and upgrades

Without disrupting normal disk array operations (if alternate pathing is used), an HP support representative can:

- Remove, service, repair, or replace all hardware subassemblies
- Use the built-in service processor (SVP) to perform all microcode upgrades

Alternate paths can be established using host failover software, alternate Fibre Channel paths, or both.

Caution

The disk array has no user-serviceable components. The SVP does not include a keyboard or monitor and is not a customer-accessible component. Only an HP support representative should open the cabinets.

HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP monitoring software detects internal hardware component problems and automatically reports them to the HP Storage Technology Center (STC) before they are noticed by operators and users. An HP support representative can then verify the problem and perform the appropriate maintenance activity, with no interruption to applications or hosts. For more information on Continuous Track XP, see "HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP" (page 31).

Overview 13

Connectivity

The disk array uses these types of connections to connect to host systems:

- Fibre Channel
- ESCON
- FICON

Fibre Channel

The disk array supports:

- A maximum of four pairs of channel adapters that can support up to 128 Fibre Channel ports
- Up to 16,384 LDEVs that can be configured as up to 131,072 LUNs through the Fibre Channel, which provides data transfer rates up to 2 Gb/s depending on the Fibre Channel interface option
- Fibre Channel arbitrated loop (FC-AL) and Fabric Fibre Channel topologies

ESCON

The disk array supports a maximum of four pairs of channel adapters that can support 64 ESCON ports for connection to mainframe hosts and up to 16,384 LDEVs.

FICON

The disk array supports a maximum of four pairs of channel adapters that can support up to 64 FICON ports and up to 16,384 LDEVs.

Scalability

The disk array is scalable to accommodate your current and future storage capacity needs.

The minimum XP12000 configuration includes one DKC containing 9 to 128 disk drives. You can expand the disk array to include one to four DKUs, each containing up to 256 disk drives. The maximum array configuration can contain 1152 disk drives providing up to 165 TB of storage capacity in a single array.

Your HP support representative can add DKUs and disk drives online with no interruptions to applications or hosts.

Overview 15

Data integrity and high availability

To provide the highest levels of data integrity and availability, the HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array family uses RAID technologies and redundant hardware throughout the disk arrays, including:

- RAID1, RAID5
- Mirrored write cache
- Dual channel adapters (CHAs) and array control processors (ACPs)
- Dual and concurrently active data and control paths through the array
- Split power domains on internal data paths
- Hot-pluggable boards
- Hot-pluggable fans, power supplies, and controllers
- Online upgradable firmware

The following software features and products help to ensure that the disk array meets your requirements for high availability:

- XP12000 support
 - Capability to "phone home" to the multidisciplinary HP Storage Technology Center (STC); see "HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP" (page 31)
 - Advanced remote diagnostics
 - Full solution (host-SAN-storage) support
- Full software and solution integration enabled by HP software products; see Chapter 4 for details

Summary of features

This section summarizes the main features and specifications of the disk array.

For the most current product information, visit the HP web site: www.hp.com.

Web-based array management

HP StorageWorks Command View XP allows you to manage multiple arrays from a single Windows-based management server, and allows anytime, anywhere access to that management server from remote web-based clients. See "Management server" (page 35).

Operating systems

The disk array supports these operating systems:

- HP-UX
- Linux
- Windows
- HP OpenVMS
- HP Tru64
- Sun Solaris
- IBM AIX
- Novell NetWare
- SGI IRIX64

The disk array also supports various mainframe operating systems through ESCON and FICON host interconnections.

For the latest information on supported operating systems and versions, contact your HP support representative or visit the HP web site: www.hp.com.

Overview 17

External storage

The disk array supports the following types of external storage:

- HP StorageWorks XP48, XP512, XP128, and XP1024 disk arrays
- HP StorageWorks Modular Smart Array 1000

For more information on external storage, see the *HP StorageWorks* Command View XP for XP Disk Arrays User Guide.

Included components

The XP12000 base product includes the following hardware, software, services, and support:

- One XP12000 DKC
- Basic redundant power supplies and base batteries for up to 64 GB of cache and up to 64 disk drives
- HP microcode
- Continuous Track XP
- Modem
- This owner's guide
- An XP operating system configuration guides CD
- RAID Manager library
- Site preparation services
- Installation and configuration services
- Proactive 24 support for one year
- Reactive hardware support, 24x7, for two years
- Software support for one year (included with software title)

Required additional components

- Cache memory
- Shared memory
- ACP pair
- CHIP pair
- · Hard disk drives
- HP StorageWorks Command View XP (page 55)
- HP StorageWorks LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP (page 55)

Optional components

HP offers an extensive list of optional products and services tailored for XP disk arrays, including a full suite of software products. For more information, see Chapter 4 and contact your HP support representative.

Overview 19

Hardware specifications

Table 2. Hardware specifications

Feature	Specification
Power	Single-phase or 3-phase
DKC/DKU	One XP12000 DKC
	Zero to four XP12000 DKUs
Maximum hard disk drives	1152
Maximum spare disk drives	40
Maximum parity groups/subsystem	280
Maximum disk drive capacity	165 TB
Maximum cache	128 GB
Available hard disk drives	146 GB 10K rpm Fibre Channel 73 GB 15K rpm Fibre Channel
Maximum shared memory	12 GB
ACP pairs	1 to 4
CHIP pairs	1 to 4
Configuration disk	XP12000-specific
SVP code	XP12000-specific
High-availability secondary SVP	Optionally available
RAID level	RAID 1 (2D+2D) RAID 1 (4D+4D) RAID 5 (3D+1P) RAID 5 (7D+1P)
Maximum LDEVs	16,384 ¹
Available LUNs	131,072
Maximum LUNs per port	1024

¹ Contact your HP representative for the firmware version required to achieve this maximum.

The XP12000 is a high-performance RAID-capable disk array system used to store large quantities of data in an efficient and secure manner.

There is no single point of failure in the disk array. It includes redundant logic assemblies, controllers, disk drives, and power supplies, all of which can be removed or replaced without interrupting access to data.

Caution

Only your HP support representative can remove or replace hardware.

Physical components

The disk array includes the following major hardware components:

- One disk control frame (DKC), page 23
- Zero to four disk array frames (DKUs), page 32
- One service processor (SVP), page 30

To monitor and manage the array, a management server (page 35) is also required.

Figure 1 shows the disk array with the maximum of four DKUs.

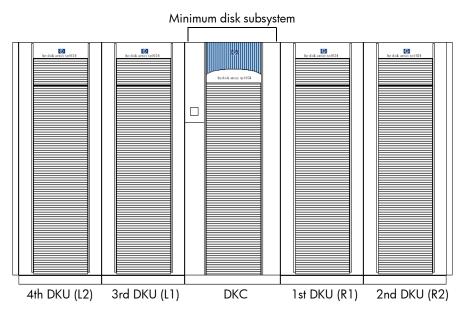


Figure 1. Disk array minimum/maximum configuration

Disk control frame

The DKC controls the disk array. It contains the control panel, connection hardware, power supplies, SVP, and control boards for the disk array. It also contains 9 to 128 disk drives.

Control panel

Once the disk array is powered on and running normally, no user operations are required at the control panel, except when instructed by your HP support representative.

Figure 2 (page 24) shows the control panel location and layout. Table 3 (page 25) explains the control panel functions.

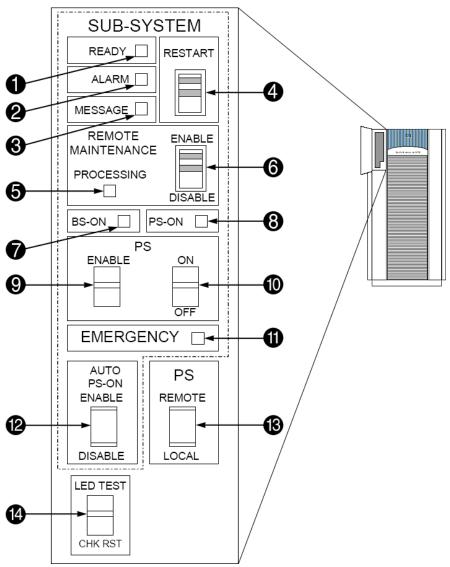


Figure 2. Control panel

Table 3. Control panel functions

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
1	SUB-SYSTEM LED	During normal operation, this LED should be on.	
	READY	(Green)	On: Input/output operation on the channel interface is enabled.
			Off: The system is not accepting data.
2	SUB-SYSTEM ALARM	LED (Red)	During normal operation, this LED should be off.
			On: One or more of the following:
			The DC is under the voltage of the DKC part.
			The DC is over current.
			The temperature is abnormally high.
			An unrecoverable failure has occurred.
			If the disk array is set up to "phone home" to STC, your HP support representative is notified automatically. If the disk array is not set up to "phone home," place a service call to HP to have the message evaluated to determine if any action is required.
			Blinking: The DC is under the voltage of the DKU part.
3	SUB-SYSTEM	LED	During normal operation, this LED should be off.
	MESSAGE (Amber)	(Amber)	On: A service information message (SIM) has been issued from either storage cluster. If the disk array is set up to "phone home" to STC, your HP support representative is notified automatically. If the disk array is not set up to phone home, place a service call to HP to have the message evaluated to determine if any action is required.
			Blinking: An SVP failure has occurred. The disk array will continue to operate normally. Place a service call to HP to ensure notification. SVP failures might not be reported automatically to STC.

Table 3. Control panel functions (continued)

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
4	SUB-SYSTEM RESTART	Switch	If a blocked path occurs between a host and a disk drive, this switch is used to unfence the fenced drive path and to release Write Inhibit.
			During normal operation, this switch should be in the upper position.
			Restarting the subsystem performs a soft reset to try to recover. If the system restart does not unblock the path, an HP support representative will be notified.
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.
5	REMOTE MAINTENANCE PROCESSING	LED (Amber)	During normal operation, this LED may be on if remote maintenance is allowed (the REMOTE MAINTENANCE ENABLE/DISABLE switch (6) is in the ENABLE position).
			On: Remote maintenance is in progress. An HP support representative is probably working on the system, but the system is online and accepting data.
6	REMOTE MAINTENANCE ENABLE/DISABLE	Switch	Used to permit remote service maintenance. During normal operation, this switch should be in the ENABLE position.
			Disable: No one can provide remote maintenance.
			Enable: An HP support representative can provide remote maintenance.
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.

Table 3. Control panel functions (continued)

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
7	BS-ON	LED (Amber)	During normal operation, this LED should be on. On: The disk array is plugged in and receiving power from the primary AC outlet. The SVP is receiving power from the outlet. Off: The disk array is not receiving power from the primary AC outlet. Check the electrical outlets in your building.
8	PS-ON	LED (Green)	During normal operation, this LED should be on. On: The PS ON/OFF switch is on. If the SUB-SYSTEM READY light (1) is also on, the disk array is ready to receive data. Off: The PS ON/OFF switch is off and the disk array is not ready to receive data.
9	PS ENABLE	Switch	Used to enable the PS ON/OFF switch (10). During normal operation, this switch should be in the "Disable" position (opposite the ENABLE position). Enable: The PS ON/OFF switch can be used. "Disable": The PS ON/OFF switch cannot be used. Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.

Table 3. Control panel functions (continued)

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
10	PS ON/OFF	Switch	Used to power on/off the disk array. During normal operation, this switch should be in the ON position.
			The switch functions only if:
			• The PS ENABLE switch (9) is in the ENABLE position.
			and
			• The PS REMOTE/LOCAL switch (13) is in the LOCAL position.
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless
			directed to do so by HP service personnel.
11	EMERGENCY	LED (Red)	During normal operation, this LED should be on.
		(2200)	On: The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch on
			the back of the disk array cabinet is in the ON position.
			Off: The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch is in the OFF position. Place a service call to HP to have an HP support representative reset the switch.

Table 3. Control panel functions (continued)

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
12	AUTO PS-ON ENABLE/DISABLE	Switch	Used to enable the automatic power on restart feature, which specifies how the disk array is powered on when the AC power is turned on or restored after a power outage.
			Enable: When the AC power is turned on, the disk array is powered on automatically.
			Caution: As with all sophisticated electronic equipment, unstable power conditions during a restart can cause problems. This switch should be in the ENABLE position only if the power to the disk array is subject to power conditioning equipment, such as a UPS, that will ensure that the power restored to the disk array is stable. If your site does not have a UPS, keep this switch in the DISABLE position. After a power outage, follow the manual restart procedure only after power has been restored and verified to be stable.
			Disable: The disk array must be powered on manually, using the PS ON/OFF switch (10) or the host power control interface (PCI) (mainframe only).
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.

Table 3. Control panel functions (continued)

Item	Label	Indicator	Description
13	PS REMOTE/LOCAL	Switch	Determines how the disk array is powered on or off. During normal operation, this switch may be in either position, depending on your operating environment.
			Remote: Disk array is powered on/off by the instructions of the host PCI (<i>mainframe only</i>).
			Local: Disk array is powered on/off by the PS ON/OFF switch (10).
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.
14 LED TE	LED TEST/CHK RST	Switch	Used by an HP support representative to test the functioning of the LEDs on the control panel or to reset various alarms. During normal operations, this switch should be in the middle position between LED TEST and CHK RST.
			Caution: Do not change the switch position unless directed to do so by HP service personnel.

Unit emergency power off switch

The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch is located on the back of the DKC cabinet. For information on using this switch, see "Emergency power-off" (page 46).

Service processor (SVP)

The SVP is a blade processor connected inside the DKC. The SVP:

- Collects performance data on the disk array for diagnostic testing and analysis; see "Service information messages" (page 68)
- Provides your HP support representative with access to the disk array

Your HP support representative uses the SVP to configure, maintain, and upgrade the disk array software and hardware. The SVP does not include a keyboard or monitor and is not a customer-accessible component.

To protect your security, the SVP does not have access to any user data stored on the disk array.

Note If you have extreme availability requirements, an optional second SVP is available.

Disk drives

The DKC must contain at least nine hard disk drives and can contain up to 128. For more information, see "Disk drives" (page 32) and Table 2 (page 20).

HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP

Continuous Track XP is a program in the disk array that detects and reports problems even before they are noticed by operators and users. Continuous Track XP "phones home" to the HP Storage Technology Center (STC), providing:

• Periodic "well" checkups

This checkup records the health of the disk array on a day-to-day basis. Every 24 hours, Continuous Track XP calls STC (your HP support representative sets the time of the call). When a successful connection is made, status information is transferred from the disk array to STC. If any configuration changes have been made, configuration information is also sent.

• Incidental "sick" calls

When an error occurs, a service information message (SIM) is generated, stored in the disk array for use by your HP support representative, and reported to STC. For more information, see Chapter 5.

Note The "phone home" capability may be turned off, if desired. Continuous Track XP still monitors the disk array, but does not automatically notify HP if a problem occurs.

Disk array frames

DKUs are optional cabinets that allow you to expand the disk array's storage capacity. DKUs contain physical disk drives. The disk array can include up to four DKUs. With four DKUs fully populated with disk drives, the disk array provides up to 165 TB of storage capacity.

Disk drives

Each DKU can contain up to 256 hard disk drives. A variety of disk capacities are available; see Table 2 (page 20). Ask your HP support representative about currently available disk drives. The disk array automatically detects and corrects disk errors, and an HP support representative can replace any of the disk drives without disrupting user activity.

The disk array must contain at least one spare disk drive and can contain up to 40. Any of the spare disk drives can back up any other disk drive of equal rotational speed and equal or lesser capacity, in any DKU, even if the failed disk and the spare disk are in different array domains.

RAID options

The disk array supports RAID1 or RAID5 array groups.

Backup batteries

In each frame (DKC and DKU), internal nickel-hydride batteries provide backup power for the cache memory, shared memory, ACPs, CHIPs, and disk drives. If AC input power is lost, the backup batteries enable the disk array to continue normal operations for up to one minute. If power is not restored within one minute, the disk array executes either the De-Stage or Backup battery operation mode.

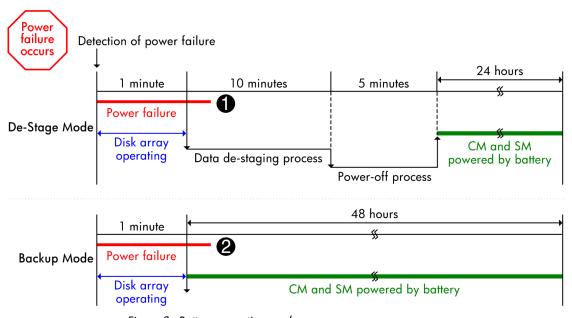


Figure 3. Battery operation modes

If power is restored during the de-staging process, the disk array continues with the data de-staging and power-off processes.
 If power is restored during the battery backup period, the disk array either automatically restarts or must be restarted manually, depending on the setting of the AUTO PS-ON ENABLE/DISABLE

switch (page 29) on the control panel. For more information, see "Recovering from an unplanned power outage" (page 49).

HP representatives will assist you in determining which battery operation mode is best for your disk array configuration, and will configure the selected mode during disk array installation.

Management server

The management server is a Windows-based host connected to the array via a private LAN connection. HP Command View XP and HP LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP are required for you to monitor and manage disk array operations and are installed on the management server. Additional HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array software may also be installed on this host; see Chapter 4 for information on optional HP software products.

To protect your security, Command View XP for the management server does not have access to any user data stored on the disk array.

Specific hardware requirements for the management server (such as processor speed, storage capacity, and memory) vary depending on the optional software installed and the number of DKUs in the array. You may use an existing host (such as your storage administrator's PC) as the management server, provided that it meets system requirements for the required and optional software and your array configuration.

The management server can be connected to up to eight disk arrays using a private LAN connection, as shown in Figure 4.

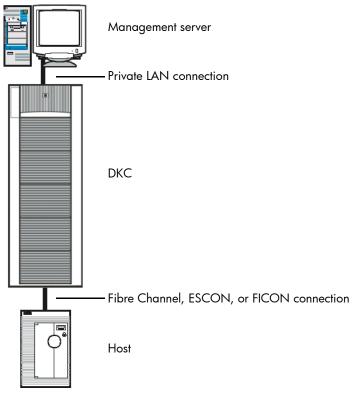


Figure 4. Connections to the disk array

Specifications

This section provides some general specifications for the XP12000. For complete specifications, see the *HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array Site Preparation Guide*, available on the HP web site: www.hp.com.

Temperature

Table 4. Temperature specifications

Temperature range type	Range
Recommended operating temperature range	21° to 24°C 70° to 75°F
Operating temperature	16° to 32°C 61° to 89°F
Nonoperating temperature range	-10° to +43°C 14° to 109°F
Shipping and storage temperature (product packed in factory packing)	-25° to +60°C -13° to +140°F
Temperature shock immunity (maximum rate of temperature change)	10°C per hour 18°F per hour
Over-temperature warning	At 40°C At 104°F
Over-temperature shutdown	At 60°C At 140°F

XP12000 Hardware 37

Humidity

Take care to protect the disk array from excessive humidity. You should not observe condensation in or around the product under any conditions. There is no procedure for recovery from moisture condensation.

Table 5. Humidity specifications

Humidity range type	Noncondensingelative humidity (RH)
Recommended operating humidity range at 22° C (71° F)	50% to 55%
Operating humidity range at 22° C (71° F)	20% to 80%
Nonoperating humidity range	8% to 90%
Shipping and storage humidity range (product packed in factory packing)	5% to 95%

Mechanical vibration

Maximum operating acceleration is 0.05G at a frequency range of 10 to 300 Hz.

AC line voltage requirements

This section lists the AC power recommendations for each power cord. Each DKC or DKU has two or four power cords. In case of a failure of the power source for one cord, the power requirements, and therefore the current requirement for the remaining power cord, will double.

For details on electrical specifications, cabling, and connectors, see the *HP StorageWorks XP12000 Disk Array Site Preparation Guide*.

50-amp, single-phase DKC

Table 6. 40-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, single-phase DKC operation

	Nominal rated voltage (Vac				(Vac)
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	22.6	21.7	20.5	19.6	18.8
Number of power cords	2	2	2	2	2
Recommended circuit breakers	50A	50A	50A	50A	50A
Number of circuit breakers	2	2	2	2	2

^{1 60} Hz only.

30-amp, single-phase DKC

Table 7. 30-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, single-phase DKC operation

	Nominal rated voltage (Vo				(Vac)
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	11.3	10.9	10.3	9.8	9.4
Number of power cords	4	4	4	4	4
Recommended circuit breakers	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A
Number of circuit breakers ²	4	4	4	4	4

^{1 60} Hz only.

XP12000 Hardware 39

² Units with only two power cords require only two circuit breakers.

30-amp, three-phase DKC

Table 8. 30-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, three-phase DKC operation

	Nominal rated voltage (Vac)							
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240	380	400	415
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	13	12.5	11.9	11.3	10.9	6.9	6.5	6.3
Number of power cords	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recommended circuit breakers	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A
Number of circuit breakers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

^{1 60} Hz only.

50-amp, single-phase DKU

Table 9. 50-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, single-phase DKU operation

	Nominal rated voltage (Vac				(Vac)
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	18	17.3	16.4	15.7	15
Number of power cords	2	2	2	2	2
Recommended circuit breakers	50A	50A	50A	50A	50A
Number of circuit breakers	2	2	2	2	2

^{1 60} Hz only.

30-amp, single-phase DKU

Table 10. 30-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, single-phase DKU operation

	Nominal rated voltage (Vac				(Vac)
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	9	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.5
Number of power cords	4	4	4	4	4
Recommended circuit breakers	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A
Number of circuit breakers ²	4	4	4	4	4

^{1 60} Hz only.

30-amp, three-phase DKU

Table 11. 30-Amp, 50 or 60 Hz, three-phase DKU operation

		Nominal rated voltage (Vac)						
Parameter	200	208 ¹	220	230	240	380	400	415
Rated line current per power cord (Arms)	10.4	10	9.4	9	8.7	5.5	5.2	5
Number of power cords	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recommended circuit breakers	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A
Number of circuit breakers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

^{1 60} Hz only.

XP12000 Hardware 41

² Units with only two power cords require only two circuit breakers.

XP12000 Operations

During normal operations, the disk array does not require your intervention and you should not attempt to open the disk array cabinets.

The disk array reports any service information messages (SIMs) to the SVP and the management server. If the array is set up to "phone home," the SVP automatically reports SIMs to the HP Storage Technology Center (STC). For more information on automatic reporting, see "HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP" (page 31). For more information on SIMs, see Chapter 5.

XP12000 Operations 43

General safety guidelines

Carefully read these safety guidelines and follow them when working with the disk array.

• Fully understand and follow all hazard warnings in this guide and on the machine warning labels on the disk array. These hazard warnings help you to prevent or reduce the risk of death, personal injury, or product damage. Hazard warnings include alert headings consisting of an alert symbol and the word *Caution* or *Warning*:

Caution

This indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or can result in serious product damage or loss of data.



Warning

This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in death or serious injury.

- Replace any warning label that becomes dirty or starts peeling off.
- Keep in mind that the hazard warnings in this guide and on the disk array cannot cover every possible hazard, as it is impossible to predict and evaluate all potentially hazardous circumstances. Be alert and use common sense. If you have any questions, contact your HP support representative.
- Follow the safety guidelines and procedures in all documentation for this and related products.

Caution

Disk array maintenance must be done only by trained and qualified HP support representatives. Only an HP support representative can power off the disk array.

Caution

Do not perform any procedures not described in this guide. If you have any questions or concerns, contact your HP support representative.



Warning

Do not touch areas marked HAZARDOUS, even with the power off. These areas contain high-voltage power.

Caution

If you detect any abnormal noise, smell, or smoke coming from the disk array, immediately power off the disk array by pulling the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch on the back of the disk array cabinet. See "Emergency power-off" (page 46).

Caution

Do not power off the system unless it is an emergency situation and you follow the emergency power-off procedure (page 46).

Caution

Keep the front and rear doors closed at all times.

Caution

Keep the tops and sides of the cabinets clear to allow air to flow properly.

XP12000 Operations 45

Powering down the disk array

Two situations may arise when you need to power down the disk array:

- Emergency power-off
- Planned power-off

Emergency power-off

In an emergency, it is critical to remove power to the disk array as quickly as possible.

Caution

Performing the emergency power-off procedure immediately shuts down the disk array, neglecting the array's normal power-off sequence. Jobs in process are aborted and their integrity after recovery is not guaranteed.

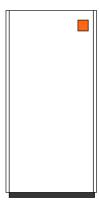
Use this power-off method **only** in an emergency. Only a qualified HP support representative can reset the switch and restore power to the disk array.

Emergency situations in which you should consider performing the emergency power-off procedure are:

- A physical location catastrophe such as a flood, hurricane, tornado, or earthquake
- Any circumstance that presents the threat of injury or death to a person
- You detect any abnormal loud noise, smell, or smoke coming from the disk array

To power off the disk array in an emergency:

1. Locate the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch on the back side of the DKC.



Rear view of DKC

Figure 5. Unit emergency power off switch

2. Pull the switch up and then out towards you.

The disk array shuts down immediately. The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch mechanically locks itself in the off position to prevent anyone from restoring power in a potentially hazardous situation.



Warning

The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch provides only partial power-off capability. AC input power remains present at the primary circuit.

3. When the emergency situation is over, call the HP support center. Only a qualified HP support representative can reset the switch and restore power to the disk array.

XP12000 Operations 47

Planned power-off

Occasionally, you may need to plan a site power outage, such as during alterations to the data center, inspections, or work by the electric company. If a scheduled power outage will affect the disk array, contact your HP support representative to schedule the power-off of the disk array.

Caution

Only a trained HP support representative can shut down and power off the disk array. **Do not attempt to power down the disk array other than during an emergency, using the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch.**

Recovering from an unplanned power outage

Unplanned power outages occur when the primary building power is lost due to electrical blackouts, thunderstorm activity, or similar occurrences, and input AC power is not received by the disk array. The disk array will maintain its state and recover when power is restored.

The disk array cache is powered by backup batteries that will maintain the array state for up to 48 hours, depending on the selected battery operation mode. For more information, see "Backup batteries" (page 33).

Manual restart of the disk array after power is restored

Caution

After power is restored to your site and before restoring power to the disk array, HP recommends that you have an electrician verify the power to ensure that all phases are restored and input power to the disk is stable.

For assistance recovering from a power outage, contact your HP support representative.

To restart the disk array manually:

- 1. On the DKC control panel [Figure 2 (page 24)], move the PS ENABLE switch to the ENABLE position.
- 2. Move the PS ON/OFF switch to the ON position.

The following LED power sequence occurs:

- BS-ON turns amber.
- PS-ON turns green.
- SUB-SYSTEM MESSAGE may turn amber if the disk array is not configured to "phone home," signifying a SIM was generated because the disk array lost power unexpectedly.
- SUB-SYSTEM READY turns green, signifying the system is ready.

XP12000 Operations 49

Caution

Powering on the disk array can take upwards of 10 minutes, depending on the number of disks installed in the disk array. Power-on is complete only when the SUB-SYSTEM READY LED turns green.

3. Move the PS ENABLE switch to the "Disable" position (opposite the ENABLE position).

Automatic restart when power is restored

Caution

As with all sophisticated electronic equipment, unstable power conditions during a restart can cause problems. HP recommends the use of automatic power on restart **only** if the power to the disk array is subject to power conditioning equipment, such as a UPS, that will ensure that the power restored to the disk array is stable. If your site does not have a UPS, HP recommends that the disk array be configured for manual restart, meaning the POWER ENABLE switch on the control panel (page 24) is in the DISABLE position. After a power outage, follow the manual restart procedure (page 49) only after power has been restored and verified to be stable.

With automatic restart enabled, the disk array automatically restarts and returns to service when power is restored after a power outage.

During the automatic restart, the following LED power sequence occurs:

- BS-ON turns amber.
- PS-ON turns green.
- SUB-SYSTEM MESSAGE may turn amber if the disk array is not configured to "phone home," signifying a SIM was generated because the disk array lost power unexpectedly.
- SUB-SYSTEM READY turns green, signifying the system is ready.

Caution

Powering on the disk array can take upwards of 10 minutes, depending on the number of disks installed in the disk array. Power-on is complete only when the SUB-SYSTEM READY LED turns green.

To enable automatic restart:

1. On the DKC control panel [Figure 2 (page 24)], move the AUTO PS-ON ENABLE/DISABLE switch to the ENABLE position.

XP12000 Operations 51

HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array Family of Software Products

This chapter describes HP's suite of software products designed to help you get the most from your disk array. HP StorageWorks XP Disk Array software:

- Augments critical array capabilities
- Helps optimize your IT resources
- Improves overall storage availability
- Simplifies disaster recovery
- Improves data security

Before installing a software package, refer to the software product documentation to verify equipment requirements.

To learn more about HP software products, or to obtain software updates, visit the HP web site: www.hp.com.

Storage area management software

HP OpenView Storage Area Manager suite

OpenView Storage Area Manager provides comprehensive, centralized management across distributed, heterogeneous storage networks. The Storage Area Manager product suite includes the following applications:

- Storage Node Manager
- Storage Accountant
- Storage Allocater
- Storage Builder
- Storage Optimizer

Storage Area Manager provides:

- Automatic discovery and mapping of all supported devices in the storage network, including hosts, interconnect devices, bridges, storage devices, and NAS devices
- Integrated device, capacity, performance, allocation, and cost management
- Support for Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S) devices
- Monitoring and management of all discovered devices
- Centralized monitoring, management, and planning for Oracle and Microsoft Exchange applications
- Event management including the ability to set thresholds and configure triggers to perform automated actions when event criteria is met
- · Reports to identify wasted or unused storage space
- Reports to identify trends to analyze and predict storage demand
- Integration with third-party reporting tools

Device and configuration management software

HP StorageWorks Command View XP

Command View XP provides a common management platform from which you can manage the XP family of disk arrays. The Command View management server can manage multiple XP arrays—even globally distributed arrays—from a single management server. Command View XP provides:

- Web-browser based GUI or command line interface
- Three levels of security
 - User authentication and authorization
 - Host IP authentication and authorization
 - Secure socket layer support for encrypted connection between the XP array and host
- Visual representation of host and storage resources
- Graphical representation of status, storage allocations, and health of XP array subcomponents
- Common user interface from which all XP management applications launch
- Event level integration into the leading network and system management solutions such as OpenView Network Node Manager, CA Unicenter TNG, Tivoli, and BMC Patrol

Note Command View XP is required for XP12000 disk arrays.

HP StorageWorks LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP

LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP combine LUN configuration and security into a single, integrated, and flexible product solution. With it, you can add and delete paths, create custom-sized volumes, and configure foolproof LUN security that provides controlled, secure access to data stored on the XP disk array—preventing unauthorized servers from

accessing your data. It also configures arrays to meet changing storage requirements and enables users to share a single Fibre Channel array among multiple servers.

LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP allows you to:

- Create, define, and configure LUNs on the disk array
- Consolidate LUNs (combine up to 36 LUNs)
- Create small size LUNs to accommodate data locked into cache
- Establish security at the LUN level so that you can enable multiple server connectivity to the disk array
- Hide LUNs assigned to one server from other servers during IOSCAN operations
- Configure LUSE and create custom volume sizes

Note LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP is required for XP128, XP1024, and XP12000 disk arrays.

HP StorageWorks LUN Security XP Extension

LUN Security XP Extension helps you manage business critical or sensitive data by providing a highly secure method of LDEV access control, allowing you to protect critical data from being changed.

Key features and benefits include:

- Creation of read-only volumes
- Protection of datasets from write and read access
- Protection from local and remote replication activities
- Data read only by authorized applications
- Access attributes assigned to each logical volume
- Global masking for protection from all host servers
- Rejection of file system device inquiry requests
- Reporting of access failures to host server

- Allows XP disk array deployment in data retention¹ solutions that assist in meeting SEC-related data integrity requirements²
- Firmware-based solution accessible from HP StorageWorks Command View XP

HP StorageWorks External Storage XP

HP StorageWorks External Storage XP enables you to connect low-cost and/or legacy external storage utilizing the superior functionality of XP disk arrays.

Key features and benefits include:

- Accessed as a full privilege internal XP disk array LUN
- No restrictions; use:
 - As a regular XP disk array LUN
 - As part of a Flex Copy XP or Business Copy
 - With full solutions support
- Facilitates data migration
- Reduce costs by using less expensive secondary storage

^{1.} Once the retention period is set, it cannot be changed.

^{2.} Purchase and deployment of this product does not by itself ensure that regulatory/legal requirements for data retention will be met, and compliance is not implicitly or explicitly guaranteed.

Performance management software

HP StorageWorks Cache LUN XP

Cache LUN XP lets you reserve areas of memory cache on the XP disk arrays to store frequently accessed information. It improves file access times and enables faster data transfers. Assigning information to on-board cache speeds up access to your data because cache-resident data is available at host data transfer speeds for both read and write operations.

Cache LUN XP redirects I/O requests from the XP disk drives to data locked in the array's cache. It's transparent, simple to implement, and it delivers immediate performance gains. Cache memory for Cache LUN XP can be set as low as one logical block or 512 MB. As your needs grow, cache volumes can be increased by increments of one logical block to a maximum of 1,024 cached volumes. The software also integrates with Command View XP for web-based anytime, anywhere access.

HP StorageWorks Auto LUN XP

Auto LUN XP provides monitoring and disk usage analysis for your disk array based on user thresholds. Auto LUN develops a plan to migrate impacted data volumes to lower usage LUNs, using the data acquired during monitoring. You can perform the migration manually or automatically.

HP StorageWorks Performance Advisor

Performance Advisor is an Internet application used to monitor real-time performance of the HP StorageWorks XP family of disk array products. Using a simple, browser-based interface, you can quickly customize performance data collection and set performance alarms. Performance Advisor provides real-time and historical data on:

- LDEV I/Os
- Front-end and back-end port utilization

- Internal bus utilization
- Cache usage

You can easily integrate with VantagePoint's DSI log and user PerfView to view your performance metrics.

HP StorageWorks Performance Control XP

Performance Control XP is a performance allocation and management tool for XP disk arrays. It lets you allocate storage performance resources to hosts by means of policies you define.

It ensures that critical business processes have all the XP disk array performance they need to meet business objectives. You can ensure that processes such as backups and data warehouse loads get the array bandwidth necessary to meet deadlines. Performance Control XP enables sophisticated service provider solutions based on distinct levels of service.

Performance Control XP has a rich feature set for flexible policy definition, scheduling, monitoring, and analysis.

Replication software

HP StorageWorks Business Copy

Business Copy allows you to make up to nine ongoing copies of data. These copies are maintained on the local disk array. Use Business Copy for nonproduction activities such as backup, batching, and system testing.

HP StorageWorks Continuous Access

Continuous Access software allows you to make ongoing synchronous copies of disk array data to a remote data site up to 27 miles (43 kilometers) away.

HP StorageWorks Continuous Access Extension

Continuous Access Extension is similar to Continuous Access, but operating in asynchronous mode. This can produce increased performance in remote copying. Copy operations are sequenced-stamped to ensure they are executed and sorted correctly at the remote disk array.

You must purchase Continuous Access Extension as an upgrade if you are currently using the Continuous Access in synchronous mode, but would prefer to use asynchronous mode.

HP StorageWorks Flex Copy XP

Flex Copy XP enables bidirectional, server-independent data transfer between HP Disk Array XP12000/1024/128 and MSA 1000 storage systems. Data can be transferred locally within a single data center or over metropolitan distances in a distributed storage network, without consuming server or LAN performance resources. This capability allows for more efficient, cost-effective leverage of business-critical data in a wide range of storage solutions, resulting in enhanced IT effectiveness and better return-on-investment in storage infrastructures. These storage solutions include nearline/array-based storage backup, data distribution/concentration, and hierarchical storage management.

Multipathing/high availability software

HP StorageWorks Secure Path

Secure Path is a family of high availability multipathing software products providing continuous data access from the disk array to host servers running Windows Server 2003, Windows 2000, Windows NT, Linux, Sun Solaris, Novell NetWare, IBM AIX, and HP-UX.

Redundant hardware, advanced RAID technology and Secure Path's automated failover capability enhance fault tolerance and availability. Secure Path effectively eliminates controllers, disk drives, interconnect hardware and host bus adapters as single points of failure. Secure Path:

- Ensures increased business efficiency by maintaining high availability of business critical data and by simplifying the task of path management
- Monitors path status, and in the case of a path failure, automatically re-routes data to an alternate path
- Allows easy path management from a single application with graphical displays and task automation

HP StorageWorks Data Integrity Check for XP

Data Integrity Check for XP corrects extraneous data problems in the I/O path from server to array. It provides XP disk arrays with an added level of protection when deployed in Oracle database environments, eliminating data corruption-related downtime and ensuring business continuity. It comprises flexible tools for solution configuration and management and supports raw disk, LVM, and VxVM environments.

The software is compatible with HP-UX, Sun Solaris, and MC/Service Guard for HP-UX.

Key features and benefits include:

- Enhanced data protection in Oracle environments
- Implementation on Oracle's Hardware Assisted Resilient Data (HARD) framework
- Correction of any random data corruption in the I/O path from server to array
- Averts unplanned downtime
- Increases uptime and business continuity

Mainframe software

Resource Manager XP and Data Exchange XP merge open systems and mainframe storage with the XP family of arrays for maximum flexibility, scalability, and ease of management. Together, these products can free your network of host-to-host data conversion traffic.

HP StorageWorks Resource Manager XP

Resource Manager XP allows you to share data stored on the disk array with mainframe systems and open system servers. This can reduce and optimize your storage maintenance and management overhead.

Resource Manager XP allows an XP array to connect to a mainframe system via an ESCON link.

HP StorageWorks Data Exchange XP

Data Exchange XP provides high-speed bidirectional data sharing between mainframe systems and open systems. File translations are provided through a file conversion utility.

Business continuity solutions

HP OpenView Data Protector

Backup and restore with HP OpenView Data Protector.

- Offers new levels of recovery with a service-driven management approach
- Enterprise-wide data protection
- Eliminate recovery windows with instant recovery, system disaster recovery, and direct backup

HP StorageWorks Cluster Extension XP

Cluster Extension XP offers protection against system downtime from a variety of faults, failures, and disasters. It enables flawless integration of an XP disk array's remote mirroring capabilities with high-availability server clustering solutions, including clusters covering metropolitan distances and based on SUN, AIX, Linux, and Microsoft systems (similar functionality exists for HP-UX servers with HP cluster software).

This extended-distance solution allows for more robust disaster recovery topologies as well as automatic failover, failback, and redirection of mirrored pairs for fast recovery. A host-based utility, Cluster Extension XP requires Continuous Access and Continuous Access Extension.

Key features and benefits include:

- Automatic failover/failback disaster recovery solutions for Serviceguard for Linux, Windows with Microsoft Cluster Server (MSCS), Solaris with Veritas Cluster Server (VCS), and AIX with IBM's HACMP cluster software
- Seamless integration of remote mirroring with server clusters
- A fully scripted turnkey solution for disaster recovery
- Allows consolidated disaster recovery across heterogeneous server clusters

- Speeds recovery implementation
- Simplifies automatic failover and failback; no user intervention is required

HP StorageWorks Fast Recovery Solution for Windows 2000 or 2003

Fast Recovery Solution (FRS) for Windows 2000 or Windows 2003 enables quick recovery of Microsoft Exchange and SQL databases. Using the Business Copy secondary volumes, FRS can recover these databases in minutes rather than hours.

Key features and benefits include:

- Management of recovery databases using secondary volumes
- An easy-to-use GUI
- Integrity check features
- Log file recovery
- Reduces downtime with quick recovery
- Saves time and money
- Compatible with any backup solution
- Eliminates access conflicts with backup devices

HP StorageWorks Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup XP

Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup XP provides a zero downtime and serverless backup solution for XP disk array customers wanting to use an array-based data mover to backup data directly from the disk array to the tape library within a SAN.

Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup XP uses Business Copy to make a point-in-time copy of data, then uses the Direct Backup Engine (or data mover) on the XP disk array to move the data copy to tape.

Key features and benefits include:

- Integrated data mover (Direct Backup Engine XP within the StorageWorks Disk Array XP) maximizes system performance, providing efficient backup and restore of mission-critical data within a SAN
- The tight integration of Business Copy with backup software enables zero downtime and impact upon applications during backup operations
- Leverages existing LAN and SAN networks to provide a lower cost of ownership
- Supports multiple platforms and applications to meet your business needs

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting 67

Service information messages

The disk array generates service information messages (SIMs) to identify normal operations, service requirements, and failures. SIMs are generated by the SVP and the CHIP (Client Host Interface Processor) and ACP (Array Control Processor) microprocessors. Your HP support representative uses the SIMs to monitor and troubleshoot the disk array. You can view SIMs on the disk array's management server (page 35).

Failure detection and reporting process

If a failure occurs in the disk array, the failure is detected and reported to the system log, the SIM log, and the HP STC, as shown in Figure 6 and explained in Table 12 (page 69).

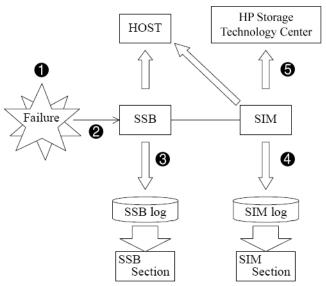


Figure 6. Failure detection and reporting process

Table 12. Failure detection and reporting process

Item	Description
1	A failure is detected in the disk array.
2	The failure is reported to the system.
3	The system stores the failure information in the system log.
4	The generated SIMs are stored on the disk array for use by HP support representatives, and logged on the management server as remote SIMs (R-SIMs).
	If the disk array is not set up to "phone home," when a SIM is generated, the amber message LED on the disk array control panel turns on. Call HP to determine the reason for the message.

Troubleshooting 69

Table 12. Failure detection and reporting process (continued)

Item	Description
5	If the disk array is set up to "phone home," Continuous Track XP reports the SIMs to STC through a dedicated dialup connection.
	SIMs are classified according to severity: service, moderate, serious, or acute.
	• Service- and moderate-level—Do not require immediate attention and are addressed during routine maintenance. These failures are often corrected before the failure becomes apparent.
	• Serious- and acute-level—reported immediately to STC to ensure that the problem is addressed as soon as possible.

For more information on Continuous Track XP, see "HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP" (page 31).

Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Statements 71

FCC EMC statement (USA)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense. The end user of this product should be aware that any changes or modifications made to this equipment without the approval of Hewlett-Packard could result in the product not meeting the Class A limits, in which case the FCC could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Hewlett-Packard's device certification tests were conducted with HP computer systems and HP shielded cables, such as those you received with your product. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Hewlett-Packard could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Cables used with this device must be properly shielded to comply with the requirements of the FCC.

IEC statement (worldwide)

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

EMC statement (Canada)

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Spécification ATI Classe A (France)

DECLARATION D'INSTALLATION ET DE MISE EN EXPLOITATION d'un matériel de traitement de l'information (ATI), classé A en fonction des niveaux de perturbations radioélectriques émis, définis dans la norme européenne EN 55022 concernant la Compatibilité Electromagnétique.

VCCI EMC statement (Japan)

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

BSMI EMC statement (Taiwan)

警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時,可能會造成射頻干擾,在這種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策的對策

RRL EMC statement (Korea)

사용자 안내문 :A급 기기

이 기기는 업무용으로 전자파적합등록을 받은 기기이오니, 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의 하시기 바라며, 만약 잘못 구입 하셨을 때에는 구입한 곳에서 비업무용으로 교환 하시기 바랍니다.

Harmonics conformance (Japan)

高調波ガイドライン適合品

German noise declaration

XP12000: Schalldruckpegel Lp = 70 dB(A)

Am Arbeitsplatz (operator position)

Normaler Betrieb (normal operation)

Nach ISO 7779:1988 / EN 27779:1991 (Typprüfung)

Laser safety

When equipped with native Fibre Channel adapters, this product contains a laser internal to the Optical Link Module (OLM) contained on the 8-port Fibre Channel Adapter board and 8-port FICON board, and on the 16-port Fibre Channel Adapter board and 16-port FICON board for connection to a fibre communications network

In the USA, the OLM is certified as a Class 1 laser product conforming to the PRT requirements contained in the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) regulation 21 CFR, Subchapter J. The certification is indicated by a label on the plastic OLM housing. Outside the USA, the OLM is certified as a Class 1 laser product conforming to the requirements contained in IEC 825-1:1993 and EN 60825-1:1994, including Amendment 11:1996.

The following figure shows the Class 1 information label that appears on the plastic housing of the OLM.

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

Complies with

21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

Each communications port consists of a transmitter and receiver optical subassembly. The transmitter subassembly contains an internal semiconductor laser diode in the wavelength range of 770 to 850 nanometers. In the event of a break anywhere in the fibre path, the OLM control system prevents laser emissions from exceeding Class 1 levels. Class 1 laser products are not considered hazardous.



Warning

There are no user maintenance operations, service operations, or adjustments to be performed on the Optical Link Module.

Glossary

ACP Array control processor. The ACP handles the passing of data between the

cache and the physical drives held in the DKUs. ACPs work in pairs, providing a total of eight SCSI buses. Each SCSI bus associated with one ACP is paired with a SCSI bus on the other ACP pair element. In the event of an ACP failure, the redundant ACP takes control. Both ACPs work

together sharing the load.

AL Arbitrated loop.

AL-PA Arbitrated loop physical address.

allocation The ratio of allocated storage capacity versus total capacity as a percentage.

"Allocated storage" refers to those LDEVs that have paths assigned to them. The allocated storage capacity is the sum of the storage of these LDEVs. Total capacity refers to the sum of the capacity of all LDEVs on

the disk array.

array group The number of physical disk drives contained in a RAID group. This

number depends on the RAID configuration. For example, there can be two or four physical disks in a RAID1 group. There are four physical disks in a

RAID5 group.

BC The HP StorageWorks Business Copy XP software program, which enables

you to maintain up to nine internal copies of logical volumes on the disk

array.

BS Basic supply.

BTU British thermal unit.

°C Degrees centigrade/Celsius.

C-Track The HP StorageWorks Continuous Track XP software program, which

detects internal hardware component problems on a disk array and

automatically reports them to the HP STC.

CA The HP StorageWorks Continuous Access XP software program, which

enables you to create and maintain duplicate copies of the data store on a

local disk array.

ca Cache.

cache Very high speed memory that is used to speed I/O transaction time. All

reads and writes to the XP array family are sent to the cache. The data is buffered there until the transfer to/from physical disks (with slower data

throughput) is complete.

The benefit of cache memory is that it speeds I/O throughput to the application. The larger the cache size, the greater amount of data buffering

can occur and the greater throughput to the applications.

XP arrays supports a range of cache memory. In the event of power loss, battery power allows the contents of the cache boards to survive for up to

48 hours.

CDE Common desktop environment.

CE Customer engineer.

CFW Cache fast write.

CH Channel

channel adapter

(CHA)

The channel adapter (CHA) provides the interface between the disk array and the external host system. Occasionally this term is used synonymously

with the term channel host interface processor (CHIP).

channel host

interface processor

(CHIP)

Synonymous with the term channel adapter (CHA).

channel processor

(CHP)

The processors located on the channel adapter (CHA).

CHPID Channel path identifier.

CKD Count key data.

CL Cluster.

command device A volume on the disk array that accepts CA or BC control operations which

are then executed by the disk array.

configuration file A file that defines the pair configurations.

consistency group ID

(CTGID)

The group identifier for which the disk array guarantees the sequence of asynchronous data transfer for the asynchronous CA volume group.

control unit To organize the storage space attached to the DKC, you can group similarly

configured logical devices (LDEVs) with unique control unit images (CUs). CUs are numbered sequentially. The disk array supports a certain number of CUs, depending on the disk array model. Each CU can manage multiple LDEVs. Therefore, to uniquely identify a particular LDEV

requires both the CU number and the LDEV number.

CSA Canadian Standards Association.

CU Control unit.

CVS Custom volume size (also called virtual LVI).

daemon A process that runs in the background and performs a specific operation at

predefined times in response to certain events.

DASD Direct access storage device.

DCR Dynamic cache residency.

DE HP StorageWorks Data Exchange XP.

DFDSS Data Facility Dataset Services.

DFSMS Data Facility System Managed Storage.

DFW DASD fast write.

disk adapter (DKA) Synonymous with the term ACP.

disk control frame

(DKC)

The disk control frame (DKC) refers to the array hardware that houses the

channel adapters and service processor (SVP).

disk array frame

(DKU)

The disk array frame (DKU) refers to the array hardware that houses the

physical disks in the array.

disk recovery and restore unit (DRR)

The unit located on the ACP that is responsible for data recovery and

restoration in the event of a cache failure.

disk group The physical disk locations associated with a parity group.

disk type The manufacturing label burned into the physical disk controller firmware.

In most cases, the disk type is identical to the disk model number.

DMP Dynamic multipathing.

dr Drive.

DSF Device support facilities.

DW Duplex write.

DWL Duplex write line.

ECKD Extended count key data.

EFS The IRIX standard file system.

emulation modes The logical devices (LDEVs) associated with each RAID group can have

one of the following emulation modes. These modes change the behavior of

the disks and determine their size.

OPEN-3: 2.46 GB
OPEN-8: 7.38 GB
OPEN-9: 7.42 GB
OPEN-E: 13.56 GB
OPEN-K: 1.74 GB
OPEN-L: 36 GB

OPEN-M: 47 GB (*XP512/Windows 2000 only*)

EOF End of field.

EPO Emergency power-off.

EREP Error reporting.

ESA Enterprise Systems Architecture.

ESCON Enterprise System Connection (the IBM trademark for optical channels).

expanded LUN A LUN is normally associated with only a single LDEV. The LUSE feature

allows a LUN to be associated with 1 to 36 LDEVs. Essentially, LUSE makes it possible for applications to access a single large pool of storage.

The LUSE feature is available when the HP StorageWorks LUN

Configuration Manager product is installed.

ExSA Extended serial adapter.

failover Disconnecting a failed portion and replacing it with another normal portion

or alternative portion in order to continue functioning.

°F Degrees Fahrenheit.

FAL File access library (part of the Data Exchange software).

FBA Fixed-block architecture.

FC Fibre Channel.

FC-AL Fibre Channel arbitrated loop.

FCC Federal Communications Commission.

FCP Fibre Channel Protocol.

FCU File conversion utility (part of the Data Exchange software).

FDR Fast dump/restore.

fence level A level for selecting rejection of a write I/O request from the host according

to the condition of mirroring consistency.

F/M Format/message.

ft. Foot or feet.

FWD Fast wide differential.

fx The IRIX disk utility.

GB Gigabytes.

GLM Gigabyte link module.

HA High availability.

HBA Host bus adapter.

HCD Hardware configuration definition.

HORC HP StorageWorks Continuous Access XP.

HORCM CMD A section of the RAID Manager instance configuration file that defines the

disk devices used by RAID Manager to communicate with the disk array.

HORCM DEV A section of the RAID Manager instance configuration file that defines the

volumes of the instance.

HORCM INST A section of the RAID Manager instance configuration file that defines

how RAID Manager groups link to remote RAID Manager instances.

HORCM MON A section of the RAID Manager instance configuration file that defines the

instance you are configuring.

host mode Each port can be configured with various options referred to as host modes.

These modes are represented as two-digit hexadecimal numbers. The first digit, usually 0, represents different things on different arrays. The second hex digit represents the host system type. For example, the 8 in mode 08

represents an HP-UX host.

hot standby Using two or more servers as a standby in case of a primary server failure.

HP Hewlett-Packard Company.

H/W Hardware.

Hz Hertz.

ICKDSF A DSF command used to perform media maintenance.

IDCAMS Access method services (a component of Data Facility Product).

IML Initial microprogram load.

in. Inches.

I/O Input/output (applies to an operation or device).

IOCP Input/output configuration program

instance An independent copy of RAID Manager. Instances are local or remote and

can run on the same host.

JCL Job control language.

KB Kilobyte.

kcal Kilocalorie.

kg Kilogram.

km Kilometer.

kVA Kilovolt-ampere.

kW Kilowatt.

LAN Local area network.

lb. Pound.

LCP Local control port.

LD, LDEV Logical device. An LDEV is created when a RAID group is carved into

pieces according to the selected host emulation mode (that is, OPEN-3, OPEN-8, OPEN-9). The number of resulting LDEVs depends on the selected emulation mode. The term LDEV is often used synonymously

with the term volume.

LED Light emitting diode.

local disk A local disk in the host

local instance The instance currently being configured or the instance to which commands

are issued.

LPAR Logical partition.

LCP Link control processor or local control port.

LRU Least recently used.

LU Logical unit.

LUN Logical unit number. A LUN results from mapping a SCSI logical unit

number, port ID, and LDEV ID to a RAID group. The size of the LUN is determined by the emulation mode of the LDEV, and the number of LDEVs

associated with the LUN. For example, a LUN associated with two

OPEN-3 LDEVs has a size of 4,693 MB.

LUSE Logical unit size expansion.

LVI Logical volume image.

LVM Logical Volume Manager.

LVM mirror A disk duplicating function provided by Logical Volume Manager (LVM)

(capable of triplicating disks).

m Meters.

MB Megabytes.

MCU Main control unit.

mirroring The consistency (usability) of data in a volume (for example, S-VOL).

consistency

mm Millimeters.

MP Microprocessor.

MPLF Multipath Locking Facility.

MR Magnetoresistive.

ms, msec Milliseconds.

mutual hot standby

system

Two servers that are poised to cover for each other if necessary.

MVS Multiple Virtual Storage (including MVS/370, MVS/ESA, MVS/XA).

NHAS Novell High Availability Server.

node Logically speaking, an environment where instances can be executed.

Physically, a processor, which is an element of a cluster system.

NVS Nonvolatile storage.

OFC Open Fibre Control.

OLM Optical link module.

ORM Online read margin.

OS Operating system.

P/DAS PPRC/dynamic address switching.

PA Physical address.

parity group A parity group is a mode of disk operation and configuration. It is

synonymous with the term RAID group.

partition Dividing a specific physical disk according to the HP-UX kernel or device

driver layer into two or more areas as if there are two or more physical

disks.

path Paths are created by associating a port, a target, and a LUN ID to one or

more LDEVs.

PCI Power control interface or peripheral component interconnect.

PM HP StorageWorks Performance Manager XP software.

port The number of supported ports on an XP disk array is dependent upon the

number of supported I/O slots and the number of ports available per I/O adapter. The XP family of disk arrays supports SCSI, Fibre Channel (FC/AL), and ESCON I/O interfaces. I/O support can vary with the

selected disk array.

Ports are named based upon their port group and port letter. Examples of port names include CL1-A through CL1-R and CL2-A through CL2-R

(letters I and O are skipped).

P-P Point-to-point.

PPRC Peer-to-peer remote copy.

PS Power supply.

P-VOL The primary or main volume that contains the data to be copied.

RS Russellstoll®, a brand of electrical plugs and receptacles manufactured by

Thomas & Betts Corporation.

RAID Redundant array of inexpensive disks.

RAID Group A RAID group is a mode of disk operation and configuration. RAID groups

1 to 5 vary in the number of bits used in data/parity encoding, mirroring,

and striping features.

Occasionally, the term *parity group* is used synonymously with RAID

group.

RAM Random access memory.

RC Reference code or remote control software.

RCP Remote control port.

RCU Remote control unit.

remote instance The instance to which the local instance communicates as configured in the

HORCM INST section of the RAID Manager instance configuration file.

RISC Reduced instruction set computer.

RM HP StorageWorks RAID Manager XP.

RMC Remote console.

RM instance A file that defines the link between a volume and a RAID Manager

configuration file instance. This file consists of four sections: HORCM MON,

HORCM CMD, HORCM DEV, and HORCM INST.

R-SIM Remote service information message.

R/W, r/w Read/write.

S/390 IBM System/390 architecture.

SAM System Administration Manager.

script file A file containing a shell script.

SCSI Small computer system interface.

sec. Second.

seq. Sequential.

SGI Silicon Graphics Incorporated.

shell script A command sequence executed by a UNIX shell.

Sidefile An area of cache used to store the data sequence number, record location,

record length, and queued control information before transmit over the

ESCON link.

SIM Service information message.

SMI-S Storage Management Initiative Specification.

SMIT System Management Interface Tool.

SMS System managed storage.

SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol.

special files Files that indicate physical devices and are different from regular files in

the UNIX system. The functions of the device drivers (that is, access to

system peripherals) become available through these special files.

SSID Storage subsystem identification.

STC HP Storage Technology Center.

SVP Service processor, which is the laptop PC that is built into the DKC. The

SVP provides a direct interface into the disk array. SVP use is reserved for

HP support representatives only.

S-VOL Secondary or remote volume. The copy volume that receives the data from

the primary volume.

takeover The actions of a standby server that takes over processing from the

previously active server.

TB Terabyte.

TCP/IP Transmission control protocol/Internet protocol

TID Target ID.

TPF Transaction processing facility.

TSO Time-sharing option (an IBM System/370 operating system option).

UCB Unit control block.

UL Underwriters' Laboratories.

VDE Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker.

VM Virtual machine (an IBM S/390 system control program).

VOLID Volume ID.

volser Volume serial number.

Volume Synonymous with LDEV.

XRC Extended Remote Copy.

VSE Virtual Storage Extension (an IBM S/390 operating system).

VTOC Volume table of contents.

XA System/370 Extended Architecture.

XDF Extended distance feature (for ExSA channels).

XF IRIX extended file system.

XLV Extended logical volume manager.

Index

A	D
array management 17	data availability 12
authorized resellers 9	Data Exchange XP 63
Auto LUN XP 58	data integrity 16
automatic restart 29, 50	Data Integrity Check for XP 61
_	de-stage battery operation mode 33
В	device management software 55-57
backup battery operation mode 33	disk array features
batteries, backup 33-34, 49	connectivity 14
business continuity solutions 64–66	continuous data availability 12
Business Copy 60	data integrity 16
•	hardware 18–20
С	high availability 16
cache battery backup 33–34	nondisruptive service and upgrades 13
Cache LUN XP 58	scalability 15
Cluster Extension XP 64	software 16, 18–19
Command View XP 17, 35, 55	summary of 17–20
components	disk array frame. See DKU
hardware 22–36	disk control frame. See DKC
included 18	disk drives 31, 32
optional 19	DKC 22, 23–31
required additional 19	DKU 22, 32
configuration management software 55–57	documentation
connectivity 14	audience 7
Continuous Access 60	conventions 8
Continuous Access Extension 60	for related products 7
Continuous Track XP 13, 16, 31, 70	revision history 9
control panel 23–30	
conventions, document 8	

Index 95

E	LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP 35, 55
emergency power off switch. See unit emergency power off switch	LUN Security XP Extension 56
emergency power-off 45, 46–47 environmental specifications 37–38	M
ESCON connectivity 14	mainframe software 63
external storage 18	maintenance, remote 26
External Storage XP 57	management server 22, 35-36, 55
F	manual restart 49 mechanical vibration specifications 38 multipathing software 61–62
failure detection and reporting process 69 Fast Recovery Solution for Windows 2000 or	multipatining software of 02
2003 65	N
Fibre Channel connectivity 14	normal operations 43
FICON connectivity 14	0
Flex Copy XP 60	
н	OpenView Data Protector 64 OpenView Storage Area Manager suite 54
hardware	operating systems 17
control panel 23–30	Р
disk array frame 32	Performance Advisor XP 58
disk control frame 23–31	Performance Control XP 59
disk drives 31, 32	performance management software 58–59
features 18–20	phone home 16, 25, 69
management server 35–36	See also Continuous Track XP
normal operations 43 physical components 22–36	physical components. See hardware
RAID options 32	power cords 38–41
service processor. See SVP	powering down the disk array 45, 46–48
specifications 37–41	power-off
hazard warnings 44–45	emergency 45, 46–47
help, obtaining 8	planned 48
high availability 16	recovery from unplanned 49–51
high availability software 61–62	unplanned 33, 49
HP Storage Technology Center. See STC	R
humidity specifications 38	
L	RAID options 32 Panid Backup Solution with Direct Backup
-	Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup XP 65
line voltage 38–41	recovering from a power outage 49–51
	<i>G</i> 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

regulatory statements 71–81	OpenView Data Protector 64
remote maintenance 26	OpenView Storage Area Manager suite 54
replication software 60	Performance Advisor XP 58
resellers, authorized 9	Performance Control XP 59
Resource Manager XP 63	performance management 58–59
restart	products for XP disk arrays 53–66
automatic 50	Rapid Backup Solution with Direct Backup
manual 49	XP 65
	replication 60
S	Resource Manager XP 63
safety guidelines 44–45	Secure Path 61
scalability 15	storage area management 54
Secure Path 61	STC 13, 16, 25, 69
service 13	storage area management software 54
service information messages 68–70	Storage Technology Center. See STC
service processor. See SVP	SVP 22, 30, 68
software	_
and solution integration 16	T
Auto LUN XP 58	technical support 8, 16
business continuity solutions 64–66	temperature specifications 37
Business Copy 60	troubleshooting 67–70
Cache LUN XP 58	
Cluster Extension XP 64	U
Command View XP 55	unit emergency power off switch 28, 30, 45
Continuous Access 60	upgrades 13
Continuous Access Extension 60	V
Data Exchange XP 63	•
Data Integrity Check for XP 61	vibration specifications 38
device and configuration	W
management 55–57	
External Storage XP 57	web site
Fast Recovery Solution for Windows 2000	HP storage 9
or 2003 65	HP support 8
features 16, 18–19	
Flex Copy XP 60	
LUN Configuration and Security Manager XP 55	
LUN Security XP Extension 56	
mainframe 63	
multipathing/high availability 61–62	
manipaning/ingiravanaumity 01-02	

Index 97